

A.H. Harris & Sons, Inc.



CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES

HAZARD RATING
4=EXTREME
3=HIGH
2=MODERATE
1=SLIGHT
0=INSIGNIFICANT



HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	1
REACTIVITY	0

SAFETY DATA SHEET HARRIS NO. PPLHA0270 HARRIS EMULSION KURESEAL 309
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SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION: HARRIS EMULSION KURESEAL 309	
VOC CONTENT:	<300 GRAMS/LITER OR <2.50 #/GAL
CATEGORY:	CONCRETE CURING COMPOUND
COMMON NAME:	STYRENE VINYL TOLUENE ACRYLATE EMULSION
MANUFACTURER:	A. H. HARRIS & SONS, INC
ADDRESS	433 S. MAIN ST. SUITE 202 W. HARTFORD, CT. 06110
TELEPHONE NO:	(860) 216-9500
CHEMTREC NO:	800.424.9300
PREPARED:	SEPTEMBER 1997
UPDATED:	SEPTEMBER 2014
PREPARED BY:	DARRY F. MANUEL, PRESIDENT

SECTION II - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

DOT SHIPPING NAME: UN ID NUMBER / SHIPPING NAME / HAZARD CLASS / PKG GROUP IN CONTAINERS LESS THAN AND GREATER THAN 119 GALS: IN ALL MODES OF TRANSPORTATION (NON-REGULATED)	
HEALTH AND SAFETY: THIS PRODUCT IS AN ORGANIC LIQUID AND WATER EMULSION. PER NFPA 30 THIS MIXTURE WITH A FLASH POINT GREATER THAN 200 F IS A CLASS III B COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID. ALL PRECAUTIONS PROVIDED ARE FOR THE ORGANIC LIQUID PORTION OF WHICH THIS PRODUCT MAY CONTAIN AS LITTLE AS 5%. USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING IF SWALLOWED. USE OF SOLVENT RESISTANT GLOVES, GOGGLES AND OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. KEEP FROM FREEZING.	
	
	

SECTION III HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL OR COMPONENTS	CAS NO.	%	HAZARD DATA	UN#
STYRENE ACRYLATE POLYMER	25036-16-2	15-30%	ND	1993
STODDARD SOLVENT / MINERAL SPIRITS	8052-41-3	5-10%	ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm, 525 mg/m3 (TWA) OSHA PEL: 500 ppm, 2900 mg/m3 (TWA) NIOSH REL: 350 mg/m3 (TWA) COMBUSTIBLE	1268
PERFORMANCE ADDITIVES	N/D	N/D	N/A	N/A
WATER	N/A	BAL	NONE	NONE

SECTION IV FIRST AID MEASURES

HEALTH HAZARD DATA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION
BASIS FOR CLASSIFICATION SOURCE
ALL INFORMATION GIVEN IS FOR STODDARD SOLVENT COMPONENT.

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:	
INHALATION:	THIS PRODUCT MAY CREATE BREATHING DIFFICULTIES, DIZZINESS, LIGHTEADEDNESS WHEN WORKING IN AREAS WITH HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATION. STODDARD SOLVENT COMPONENT.
SKIN CONTACT:	THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT. STODDARD SOLVENT COMPONENT.
SKIN ABSORPTION:	THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT. STODDARD SOLVENT COMPONENT.
EYE CONTACT:	THIS PRODUCT MAY BE AN EYE IRRITANT. STODDARD SOLVENT COMPONENT.
INGESTION / INHALATION	CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING. SMALL AMOUNTS OF LIQUID ASPIRATED INTO THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DURING INGESTION, OR FROM VOMITING, MAY CAUSE BRONCHOPNEUMONIA OR PULMONARY EDEMA. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:	TLV 50 ppm MINERAL SPIRITS ANESTHESIA, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS. LIQUIDS MODERATELY IRRITATING ON SKIN AND EYES.
ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE:	ANESTHESIA, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS: MODERATE IRRITATION BY LIQUID TO SKIN AND EYES. PROLONGED CONTACT ON THE SKIN WILL CLAY AND DEFAT THE SKIN POSSIBLY CAUSING DERMATITIS.
NOTE ABOUT MINERAL SPIRITS OR STODDARD SOLVENT:	NOTE: THE THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE (TLV) OF 100 ppm VAPOR IN AIR HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED BY THE AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS FOR STODDARD SOLVENT AND IS THUS APPLICABLE TO MINERAL SPIRITS. IN A STUDY OF EXXON CORP. MEDICAL RESEARCH WITH LABORATORY ANIMALS (RATS) EXPOSED TO VAPORS IN AIR OF A SOLVENT SIMILAR TO MINERAL SPIRITS, KIDNEY DAMAGE WAS NOTED IN MALE RATS AT THIS CONCENTRATION. THE RECENT STUDY SUGGESTS THAT THIS OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT MAY HAVE TO BE LOWERED FOR THIS PRODUCT. WORK IS CONTINUING TO VALIDATE THESE FINDINGS AND WHETHER A REVISED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT SHOULD BE RECOMMENDED FOR MINERAL SPIRITS.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

EYES:	FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
SKIN:	WASH WITH SOAP AND LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SKIN IRRITATION DEVELOPS AND PERSISTS.
INHALATION:	MOVE TO LOCATION FREE FROM VAPORS. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. IF BREATHING STOPS, BEGIN ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION AND SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

INGESTION:	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
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TOBACCO IN AREAS WHERE THEY MAY BECOME CONTAMINATED WITH THIS MATERIAL. KEEP AWAY FROM HIGH TEMPERATURES, OPEN FLAMES, SPARKS, SOURCES OF IGNITION, ETC. USE WITH EXPLOSION PROOF EQUIPMENT IS HIGHLY ADVISABLE.

SECTION V FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	EXCLUDE AIR. FIRES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT MAY BE CONTROLLED BY REGULAR FOAM, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICALS OR WATER SPRAY.
GENERAL HAZARD:	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID - CAN FORM COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURES AT TEMPERATURES AT OR ABOVE THE FLASH POINT. STATIC DISCHARGE - MATERIAL CAN ACCUMULATE STATIC CHARGES WHICH CAN CAUSE AN INCENDIARY ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE. "EMPTY" CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE (LIQUID AND/OR VAPOR) AND CAN BE DANGEROUS. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION: THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. EMPTY DRUMS SHOULD BE COMPLETELY DRAINED, PROPERLY BUNGED AND PROMPTLY RETURNED TO A DRUM RECONDITIONER, OR PROPERLY DISPOSED OF.
ELECTRO-STATIC ACCUMULATION HAZARD:	USE PROPER GROUNDING
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:	WATER MIX, NO UNUSUAL HAZARDS PRODUCT WILL BURN IF TEMPERATURE EXCEEDS BOILING POINT. IF STORAGE CONTAINERS ARE EXPOSED TO EXCESSIVE HEAT, OVER PRESSURIZATION OF THE CONTAINERS CAN RESULT. VAPOR IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND OR THROUGH VENTILATION SYSTEM CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE TO A SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASH BACK. KEEP WORK AREAS FREE OF HOT METAL SURFACES AND OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	NONE

SECTION VI ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

AQUATIC TOXICITY (E.G. 96 HR. TLM): DO NOT DISCHARGE THIS PRODUCT INTO PUBLIC WATERS OR WATERWAYS UNLESS AUTHORIZED BY A NATIONAL POLLUTION DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT ISSUED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA).
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: ELIMINATE SOURCES OF IGNITION (FLARES, FLAMES, PILOT LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL SPARKS). PREVENT ADDITIONAL DISCHARGE OF MATERIAL; IF POSSIBLE TO DO SO WITHOUT HAZARD. FOR SMALL SPILLS, IMPLEMENT CLEANUP PROCEDURES. FOR LARGE SPILL, IMPLEMENT CLEAN UP PROCEDURES AND, IF IN PUBLIC AREA, KEEP PUBLIC AWAY AND ADVISE AUTHORITIES. DIKE SPILL AREA WITH SAND OR EARTH TO CONTAIN SPILLED LIQUID AND PREVENT SPREADING. DO NOT USE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS SUCH AS SAWDUST. PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. REMAINING LIQUID CAN BE TAKEN UP ON SAND, EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR WITH ANOTHER SUITABLE ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND SHOVELLED INTO CONTAINERS. CONSULT AN EXPERT ON DISPOSAL OF RECOVERED MATERIAL AND ENSURE CONFORMITY TO EPA, FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL DISPOSAL REGULATIONS.

SECTION VII HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: PERSONNEL SHOULD AVOID INHALATION OF VAPORS. PERSONAL CONTACT WITH THE PRODUCT SHOULD BE AVOIDED. SHOULD CONTACT BE MADE, REMOVE SATURATED APPAREL AND FLUSH AFFECTED BODY AREAS WITH WATER. CLOTHING MUST BE WASHED AND DRIED BEFORE REUSE. CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE (VAPOR, LIQUID AND/OR SOLID). ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THIS DATA SHEET MUST BE OBSERVED.
FIRE FIGHTING: WATER MAY BE UNSUITABLE AS AN EXTINGUISHING MEDIUM BUT HELPFUL IN KEEPING ADJACENT CONTAINERS COOL. AVOID SPREADING BURNING LIQUID WITH WATER USED FOR COOLING PURPOSES. PERSONNEL SHOULD AVOID INHALATION OF VAPORS.
OTHER HANDLING AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS: STORE AND USE IN WELL VENTILATED AREA, EQUIVALENT TO FRESH AIR. KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED. DO NOT STORE WITH INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS. STORE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. DO NOT STORE OR CONSUME FOOD, DRINK, OR

SECTION VIII EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS: LOCAL MECHANICAL VENTILATION MAY BE SUFFICIENT TO KEEP PRODUCT VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS WITHIN SPECIFIED TIME-WEIGHTED TLV RANGES. IF LOCAL VENTILATION PROVES INADEQUATE TO MAINTAIN SAFE VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS, SUPPLEMENTAL LOCAL EXHAUST MAY BE REQUIRED. OTHER SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SUCH AS RESPIRATORY MASKS OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAINMENT DEVICES MAY BE REQUIRED IN EXTREME CASES.
RESPIRATORY (SPECIFY IN DETAIL): THE USE OF RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DEPENDS ON VAPOR CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE TIME WEIGHTED TLV: USE OF OSHA APPROVED CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR OR GAS MASK OR AIR-PACK. CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR: HALF MASK ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE. FULL FACE ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE IF EYE PROTECTION IS NEEDED.
EYES: CHEMICAL GOGGLES AND/OR FACE SHIELD ARE RECOMMENDED TO SAFEGUARD AGAINST POTENTIAL EYE CONTACT, IRRITATION OR INJURY.
GLOVES: THE USE OF IMPERMEABLE GLOVES IS ADVISED TO PREVENT SKIN IRRITATION IN SENSITIVE INDIVIDUALS. IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, (CHEMICAL RESISTANT) SUCH AS NEOPRENE, LATEX OR PVA.
OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT BODY CONTACT, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS ARE RECOMMENDED. IMPERVIOUS APRONS AND HELMETS (HEAD COVER) ARE RECOMMENDED WHEN WORKING WITH THIS PRODUCT. THE AVAILABILITY OF EYE WASHES AND SAFETY SHOWERS IN WORK AREAS IS RECOMMENDED.

SECTION IX PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

BOILING POINT: (760mmHg) 100°C / 212°F	MELTING/FREEZING POINT: -40°C ./ -40°F (Stoddard Solvent)
VAPOR PRESSURE: 5 mmHg @ 68°F/25°C (Stoddard solvent)	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): 4.8 (Stoddard solvent)
SOLUBILITY IN H2O % BY WT: MISCIBLE	% VOLATILES BY VOL: 70-80%
EVAPORATION RATE (BuAc=1): SLOW 0.1 (Stoddard Solvent)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1) 0.97
pH (AS IS): 7-8 TYPICAL	pH (1% SOLN): N/A
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: MILKY WHITE EMULSION WITH AROMATIC ODOR (MAY CONTAIN FUGITIVE DYE)	
FLASH POINT: (TEST METHOD)	>100°C / >212°F (TCC)
AUTOIGNITION TEMP:	232°C / 450°F (STODDARD SOLVENT)
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % BY VOL:	LOWER: 0.8% UPPER: 6.0% (STODDARD SOLVENT)

SECTION X STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY:	THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE.
INCOMPATIBILITY:	THIS PRODUCT IS INCOMPATIBLE WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS, STRONG ACIDS OR BASES, AND SELECTED AMINES.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	THERMAL DECOMPOSITION IN THE PRESENCE OF AIR MAY YIELD CARBON MONOXIDE AND/OR CARBON DIOXIDE, AND UNIDENTIFIED ORGANICS.
CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	N/A WILL NOT OCCUR

SECTION XI TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ROUT OF TOXICITY	CONCLUSION/REMARKS	
INHALATION	TOXICITY	MINIMALLY TOXIC. BASED ON TEST DATA FOR STRUCTURALLY SIMILAR MATERIALS.
	IRRITATION	NEGLECTIBLE HAZARD AT AMBIENT/NORMAL HANDLING TEMPERATURES.
INGESTION	TOXICITY: LD50 >5000 mg/kg	MINIMALLY TOXIC. BASED ON TEST DATA FOR STRUCTURALLY SIMILAR MATERIALS.
SKIN	TOXICITY: LD50 >3160 mg/kg	MINIMALLY TOXIC. BASED ON TEST DATA FOR STRUCTURALLY SIMILAR MATERIALS.
	IRRITATION	MAY DRY THE SKIN LEADING TO DISCOMFORT AND DERMATITIS. BASED ON TEST DATA FOR STRUCTURALLY SIMILAR MATERIALS
EYE	IRRITATION	MAY CAUSE MILD, SHORT- LASTING DISCOMFORT TO EYES. BASED ON TEST DATA FOR STRUCTURALLY SIMILAR MATERIALS
CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS	FOR THE PRODUCT ITSELF	VAPOR/AEROSOL CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE LEVELS ARE IRRITATING TO THE EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT, MAY CAUSE HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, ANESTHESIA, DROWSINESS, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, AND OTHER CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS INCLUDING DEATH. PROLONGED AND/OR REPEATED SKIN MAY DEFAT THE SKIN RESULTING IN POSSIBLE IRRITATION AND DERMATITIS. SMALL AMOUNTS OF LIQUID ASPIRATED INTO THE LUNGS DURNING INGESTION OR FROM VOMITING MAY CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS OR PULMONARY EDEMA.
	CONTAINS	NAPHTHALENE: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF NAPHTHALENE MAY CAUSE DESTRUCTION OF RED BLOOD CELLS, ANEMIS AND CATARACTS. NAPHTHALENE CAUSED CANCER IN LABORATORY ANIMALS STUDIES, BUT THE RELEVANCE OF THESE FINDINGS TO HUMANS IS UNCERTAIN. ETHYLBENZENE: CAUSED CANCER IN LABORATORY ANIMALS STUDIES. THE REVELANCE OF THESE FINDINGS TO HUMANS IS UNCERTAIN.

SECTION XII ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS BASED ON DATA AVAILABLE FOR THE MATERIAL, THE COMPONENTS OF THE MATERIALS AND SIMILAR MATERIALS	
ECOTOXICITY	MATERIAL EXPECTED TO BE TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS. MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.(WHITE SPIRITS, LOW (15-20%) AROMATIC, 49CFR, 172.101, APPENDIX B)
MOBILITY	MATERIAL HIGHLY VOLATILE, WILL PARTITION RAPIDLY TO AIR. NOT EXPECTED TO PARTITION TOSEDIMENT AND WASTEWATER SOLIDS.
PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY	
BIODEGRADATION	MATERIAL EXPECTED TO BE INHERENTLY BIODEGRADABLE
HYDROLYSIS	MATERIAL TRANSFORMATION DUE TO HYDROLYSIS NOT EXPECTED TO BE SIGNIFICANT
PHOTOLYSIS	MATERIAL TRANSFORMATION DUE TO PHOTOLYSIS NOT EXPECTED TO BE SIGNIFICANT.
ATMOSPHERIC OXIDATION	MATERIAL EXPECTED TO DEGRADE RAPIDLY IN AIR

SECTION XIII DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: IF POSSIBLE, PUMP TO CONTROLLED CONTAINMENT AREA. ABSORB ON CLAY OR SAND. DISPOSE OF IN COMPLIANCE WITH EPA, FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. TREATMENT, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH EPA FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS UNDER THE RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA, 40 CFR 261). TYPICALLY CONTROLLED BURNING, INCINERATION OR APPROVED LAND FILL SITES ARE AVAILABLE.

SECTION XIV TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Governing Body	Mode	UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group
DOT	GROUND	NON-REGULATED	NON REGULATED	NON REGULATED	NA
IATA	AIR	NON REGULATED	NON REGULATED	NON REGULATED	NA
IMDG	OCEAN	NON REGULATED	NON REGULATED	NON REGULATED	NA
MARINE POLLUTANT:	THIS PRODUCT DOES CONTAIN A MATERIAL. ON THE MARINE POLLUTANTS TABLE (HMT 172.101 APPENDIX B) (STODDARD SOLVENT/MINERAL SPIRITS)				

SECTION XV REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA: THE SOLVENT PORTION OF THIS PRODUCT IS LISTED ON THE TSCA INVENTORY AS A UVCB (UNKNOWN, VARIABLE COMPOSITION OR BIOLOGICAL) CHEMICAL AT CAS REGISTRY NUMBER 8052-41-3 (STODDARD SOLVENT).

CERCLA: IF THE REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT IS ACCIDENTALLY SPILLED, THE INCIDENT IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA) AND MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER BY CALLING 1-800-424-8802 or 202-426-2675.

NO REPORTABLE SPILL QUANTITY (RQ) HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED FOR THIS PRODUCT (STODDARD SOLVENT)

SARA TITLE III: UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE III, SECTIONS 311/312 OF THE SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND RE-AUTHORIZATION ACT, THIS PRODUCT IS CLASSIFIED INTO THE FOLLOWING HAZARD CATEGORIES: DELAYED HEALTH, FIRE

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY CONCERNS: (FEDERAL, FDA, USDA, CPSC, STATE, OTHER)

FEDERAL / FDA / USDA:

MARINE POLLUTANTS: THIS PRODUCT DOES CONTAIN A MATERIAL ON THE MARINE POLLUTANTS TABLE (HMT 172.101 Appendix B). SEE SECTION XIV

CERCLA / RQ: **NONE ESTABLISHED.** THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN A MATERIAL ON THE RQ TABLE (HMT 172.101 Appendix A).

TSCA: IS THIS PRODUCT, OR ALL ITS INGREDIENTS, BEING CERTIFIED FOR INCLUSION ON THE TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES? **YES**

SECTION XVI OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED FOR	A.H. HARRIS & SONS, INC.
PREPARED BY	DARRYL MANUEL / PRESIDENT
COMPANY:	VEXCON CHEMICALS, INC.
ADDRESS:	7240 STATE RD., PHILA., PA 19135 USA
THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE. VEXCON PROVIDES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.	

HMIS HAZARD RATINGS:			KEY 4 -- SEVERE
THIS INFORMATION IS FOR PEOPLE TRAINED IN: NATIONAL PAINT AND COATINGS ASSOCIATIONS (NPCA) HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS) NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA 704) IDENTIFICATION OF FIRE HAZARDS OF MATERIALS			
HARRIS KURESEAL 309 EMULSION	NPCA- HMIS	NFPA 704	3 -- SERIOUS
HEALTH	1	1	2 -- MODERATE
FLAMMABILITY	1	1	1 -- SLIGHT
REACTIVITY	0	0	0 -- MINIMAL